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Amendment to the Specification:

On page 1 of the specification, immediately following the title, insert:

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a 35 U.S.C. § 371 filing from International Application No. PCT/US2004/23334, filed July 20, 2004, which claims the benefit under 35 U.S. C. 119(e) of U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/489,693, filed 7/24/2003.

Please replace the entire paragraph at page 20, lines 14 to 29, with the following amended paragraph:

The ability of the compounds of Formula I to inhibit biosynthesis of the leukotrienes makes them useful for preventing or reversing the symptoms induced by the leukotrienes in a human subject. Therefore, additional aspects of this invention involve a method for preventing the synthesis, the action, or the release of leukotrienes in a patient which comprises administering to the patient an effective amount of a compound of Formula I; a method for treating a leukotriene-mediated medical condition comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula I to a patient in need of such treatment; and a method of preventing or reducing the risk for a leukotrienemediated medical condition comprising administering a prophylactically effective amount of a compound of Formula I to a patient in need of such treatment. This inhibition of the mammalian biosynthesis of leukotrienes indicates that the compounds and pharmaceutical compositions thereof are useful to treat, prevent, or ameliorate in mammals and especially in humans: 1) pulmonary disorders including diseases such as asthma, chronic bronchitis, and related obstructive airway diseases, 2) allergies and allergic reactions such as allergic rhinitis, contact dermatitis, allergic conjunctivitis, and the like, 3) inflammation such as arthritis or inflammatory bowel disease, 4) pain, 5) skin disorders such as atopic eczema, and the like, 6) cardiovascular disorders such as angina, formation of atherosclerotic plaques, myocardial ischemia, hypertension, platelet aggregation and the like, 7) renal insufficiency arising from ischaemia induced by immunological or chemical (cyclosporin) etiology and 8) migraine or cluster headache, 9) ocular conditions such as uveitis, 10) hepatitis resulting from chemical, immunological or infectious stimuli, 11) trauma or shock states such as burn injuries, endotoxemia and the like, 12) allograft rejection, 13) prevention of side effects associated with therapeutic administration of cytokines such as Interleukin II and tumor necrosis factor, 14) chronic lung diseases such as cystic fibrosis, bronchitis and other small- and large-airway diseases, 15) cholecystitis, 16) multiple sclerosis, and 17) proliferation of myoblastic leukemia cells.